

HOUSE BILL No. 1531

DIGEST OF HB1531 (Updated February 25, 1999 11:13 am - DI 58)

Citations Affected: IC 20-7.5.

Synopsis: Education personnel issues. Adds final offer mediationarbitration as an alternative method of collective bargaining for education personnel. Includes Ivy Tech State College as a school unit required to bargain collectively with employees. Authorizes the Indiana education employment relations board to issue certain orders and impose certain requirements on a person who commits an unfair practice.

Effective: July 1, 1999.

Liggett

January 19, 1999, read first time and referred to Committee on Labor and Employment. February 2, 1999, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 11, 1999, referred to Committee on Ways and Means pursuant to House Rule

February 25, 1999, reported — Do Pass.



First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1531

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 20-7.5-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 2. As used in this
3	chapter: article:

- (a) "School corporation" means any the following:
 - (1) A local public school corporation established under Indiana law. and, in the case of
 - (2) A public vocational school or school school for children with disabilities established or maintained by two (2) or more school corporations. shall refer to such schools.
 - (3) The board of trustees of Ivy Tech State College (IC 20-12-61-1.2).
- (b) "Governing body" shall mean the board or commission charged by law with the responsibility of administering the affairs of the school corporation.
- 15 (c) "School employer" means the governing body of each school 16 corporation and any person or persons authorized to act for the

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1	governing body of the school employer in dealing with its employees.
2	(d) "Superintendent" shall mean the chief administrative officer of
3	any school corporation, or any person or persons designated by the
4	officer or by the governing body to act in the officer's behalf in dealing
5	with school employees.
6	(e) "School employee" means any full-time certificated person in the
7	employment of the school employer. A school employee shall be
8	considered full time even though the employee does not work during
9	school vacation periods, and accordingly works less than a full year.
10	There shall be excluded from the meaning of school employee
11	supervisors, confidential employees, employees performing security
12	work, and noncertificated employees.
13	(f) "Certificated employee" means a person whose contract with the
14	school corporation requires that he hold a license or permit from the
15	Indiana state board of education or a commission thereof as provided
16	in IC 20-6.1.
17	(g) "Noncertificated employee" means any school employee whose
18	employment is not dependent upon the holding of a license or permit
19	as provided in IC 20-6.1.
20	(h) "Supervisor" means any individual who has:
21	(1) authority, acting for the school corporation, to hire, transfer,
22	suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, or
23	discipline school employees;
24	(2) responsibility to direct school employees and adjust their
25	grievances; or
26	(3) responsibility to effectively recommend the action described
27	in subsections subdivisions (1) through (2);
28	that is not of a merely routine or clerical nature but requires the use of
29	independent judgment. The term includes superintendents, assistant
30	superintendents, business managers and supervisors, directors with
31	school corporation-wide responsibilities, principals and vice principals,
32	and department heads who have responsibility for evaluating teachers.
33	(i) "Confidential employee" means a school employee whose
34	unrestricted access to confidential personnel files or whose functional
35	responsibilities or knowledge in connection with the issues involved in
36	dealings between the school corporation and its employees would make
37	the confidential employee's membership in a school employee
38	organization incompatible with the employee's official duties.
39	(j) "Employees performing security work" means any school
40	employee whose primary responsibility is the protection of personal

employee whose primary responsibility is the protection of personal

and real property owned or leased by the school corporation or who



performs police or quasi-police powers.



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- (k) "School employee organization" means any organization which has school employees as members and one (1) of whose primary purposes is representing school employees in dealing with their school employer, and includes any person or persons authorized to act on behalf of such organizations.
- (1) "Exclusive representative" means the school employee organization which has been certified for the purposes of this chapter by the board or recognized by a school employer as the exclusive representative of the employees in an appropriate unit as provided in section 10 of this chapter, or the person or persons duly authorized to act on behalf of such representative.
- (m) "Board" means the Indiana education employment relations board provided by this chapter.
- (n) "Bargain collectively" means the performance of the mutual obligation of the school employer and the exclusive representative to meet at reasonable times to negotiate in good faith with respect to items enumerated in section 4 of this chapter and to execute a written contract incorporating any agreement relating to such matters. Such obligation shall not include the final approval of any contract concerning these or any other items. Agreements reached through collective bargaining are binding as a contract only if ratified by the governing body of the school corporation and the exclusive representative. The obligation to bargain collectively does not require the school employer or the exclusive representative to agree to a proposal of the other or to make a concession to the other, except that this obligation is subject to the final offer process if mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2 is elected under section 11.5 of this chapter.
- (o) "Discuss" means the performance of the mutual obligation of the school corporation through its superintendent and the exclusive representative to meet at reasonable times to discuss, to provide meaningful input, to exchange points of view, with respect to items enumerated in section 5 of this chapter. This obligation shall not, however, require either party to enter into a contract, to agree to a proposal, or to require the making of a concession. A failure to reach an agreement on any matter of discussion shall not require the use of any part of the impasse procedure, as provided in section 13 of this chapter, unless the exclusive representative has elected under section 11.5 of this chapter the mediation-arbitration procedure set forth in IC 20-7.5-2. Neither the obligation to bargain collectively nor to discuss any matter shall prevent any school employee from petitioning the school employer, the governing body, or the

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superintendent for a redress of the employee's grievances either
individually or through the exclusive representative, nor shall either
such obligation prevent the school employer or the superintendent from
conferring with any citizen, taxpayer, student, school employee, or
other person considering the operation of the schools and the school
corporation.

- (p) "Strike" means concerted failure refusal to report for duty, willful absence from one's position, stoppage of work. or abstinence in whole or in part from the full, faithful, and proper performance of the duties of employment, without the lawful approval of the school employer, or in any concerted manner interfering with the operation of the school employer for any purpose.
- (q) "Deficit financing" with respect to any budget year shall mean expenditures in excess of money legally available to the employer.
- (r) "Submission date" means the first date for the legal notice of a budget fixed by the school employer under IC 6-1.1-17-5.

SECTION 2. IC 20-7.5-1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 9. (a) There is created an Indiana education employment relations board which shall consist of three (3) members appointed by the governor to serve at the governor's pleasure. One (1) member shall be designated by the governor as chairman. Not more than two (2) members of the board shall be members of the same political party. Each member shall be appointed for a term of four (4) years. A member appointed to fill a vacancy shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the member whom the appointed member is to succeed.

- (b) Members shall hold no other public office or employment by the state or other public agency or public employer, or be an officer or employee of any school employee organization or any of its affiliates, or represent any school employer or school employee organization, or its affiliates.
- (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to persons on the teaching staff of a university who are knowledgeable in public administration or labor law so long as they are not actively engaged, other than as a member, with any labor or employee organization. This subsection shall be construed liberally to effectuate the intent of the general assembly.
- (d) The chairman shall give full time to the chairman's duties. The chairman of the board shall not engage in any other business, vocation, or employment. The members of the board other than the chairman receive as compensation payment equal to that of the chairman, computed on a daily rate and paid for every day actually spent serving on the board.

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1	(e) A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum.
2	(f) To accomplish the objectives and to carry out the duties
3	prescribed in this chapter the board shall have the following powers:
4	(1) To adopt an official seal and prescribe the purposes for which
5	it shall be used.
6	(2) To hold hearings and make inquiries as it deems necessary to
7	carry out properly its functions and powers.
8	(3) To establish a principal office in the city of Indianapolis.
9	(4) To meet and exercise its powers at any other place in Indiana.
10	(5) To conduct in any part of Indiana a proceeding, hearing,
11	investigation, inquiry, or election necessary to the performance of
12	its functions. For any such purpose, the board may designate one
13	(1) of its members, or an agent or agents, as hearing examiners.
14	The board may utilize voluntary and uncompensated services as
15	may be needed.
16	(6) To appoint staff and attorneys as it may find necessary for the
17	proper performance of its duties. The attorneys appointed under
18	this section may, at the direction of the board, appear for and
19	represent the board in court.
20	(7) To pay the reasonable and necessary traveling and other
21	expenses of any employee, member, or agent of the board.
22	(8) To subpoena witnesses and issue subpoenas requiring the
23	production of books, papers, records, and documents which may
24	be needed as evidence in any matter under inquiry, and to
25	administer oaths and affirmations. In cases of neglect or refusal
26	to obey a subpoena issued to any person, the circuit or superior
27	court of the county in which the investigations or the public
28	hearings are taking place, upon application by the board, shall
29	issue an order requiring the person to appear before the board and
30	produce evidence about the matter under investigation. A failure
31	to obey the order may be punished by the court as a contempt.
32	Any subpoena, notice of hearing, or other process of the board
33	issued under this chapter shall be served in the manner prescribed
34	by the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.
35	(9) To adopt, promulgate, amend, or rescind rules it deems
36	necessary and administratively feasible to carry out this chapter
37	in accordance with IC 4-22-2.
38	(10) To request from any public agency the assistance, services,
39	and data as will enable the board properly to carry out its
40	functions and powers.
41	(11) To publish and report in full an opinion in every case decided



by it.



1	(g) The board shall organize its staff to provide for the functions of
2	unit determination, unfair labor practice processing, conciliation and
3	mediation, factfinding, mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2, and
4	research. In connection with any conciliation and mediation, or
5	factfinding, it or mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2, the board
6	may use either full-time employees or appoint employees for specific
7	cases from a panel which it establishes. Its research division shall be
8	organized to provide statistical data on the resources of each school
9	corporation, the substance of any agreements reached by each school
10	corporation, and other relevant data.
11	SECTION 3. IC 20-7.5-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 11. (a) Unfair practices
13	shall be remediable in the manner provided in this section. Any school
14	employer or any school employee who believes he is aggrieved by an
15	unfair practice may file a complaint under oath to such effect, setting
16	out a summary of the facts involved and specifying the section of this
17	chapter alleged to have been violated.
18	(b) Thereafter, The board shall give notice to the person or
19	organization against whom the complaint is directed and shall
20	determine the matter raised in the complaint, and appeals may be taken
21	in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3.
22	(c) Testimony may be taken and findings and conclusions may be
23	made by a hearing examiner or an agent of the board who may be a
24	member thereof. of the board.
25	(d) The board, but not a hearing examiner or an agent thereof, of
26	the board, may enter such an interlocutory orders order after
27	summary hearing as it deems necessary in carrying to carry out the
28	intent of this chapter.
29	(e) If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the board, hearing
30	examiner, or agent of the board determines, based on a
31	preponderance of the evidence admitted at the hearing, that the
32	person named in the complaint has engaged in an unfair practice
33	under section 7 of this chapter, the board:
34	(1) shall:
35	(A) state its findings of fact and conclusions of law; and
36	(B) issue an order requiring the person to cease the unfair
37	practice; and
38	(2) may:
39	(A) take other appropriate action, including ordering the

reinstatement with back pay of an employee; and

(B) require the person who has engaged in the unfair

practice to report to the board concerning compliance with



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1	the board's order.
2	(f) If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the board, hearing
3	examiner, or agent of the board determines, based on a
4	preponderance of the evidence admitted at the hearing, that the
5	person named in the complaint has not engaged in an unfair
6	practice under section 7 of this chapter, the board shall:
7	(1) state its findings of fact and conclusions of law; and
8	(2) dismiss the complaint.
9	SECTION 4. IC 20-7.5-1-11.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
10	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 11.5. An exclusive representative
12	may begin collective bargaining by notifying the board and the
13	employer on or before one hundred eighty (180) days before the
14	submission date that the exclusive representative intends to use
15	either of the following procedures:
16	(1) The collective bargaining procedure set forth in section 12
17	of this chapter.
18	(2) The mediation and final offer selection procedure set forth
19	in IC 20-7.5-2.
20	SECTION 5. IC 20-7.5-2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
21	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 1999]:
23	Chapter 2. Mediation; Final Offer Selection
24	Sec. 1. An alternative method of collective bargaining is
25	provided by this chapter because experience has demonstrated that
26	harmonious and cooperative relationships between school
27	employers and their employees can best be accomplished by a
28	collective bargaining and discussion impasse procedure that ends
29	in binding resolution of disputes. The public interest will be served
30	by an effective, efficient resolution of disputes within the public
31	schools of Indiana.
32	Sec. 2. This chapter applies to collective bargaining in which the
33	exclusive representative has elected to proceed under this chapter
34	and has so notified the employer and the board as provided in
35	IC 20-7.5-1-11.5.
36	Sec. 3. A school corporation and the exclusive representative
37	shall begin to bargain collectively at least ninety (90) days before
38	the submission date, unless the exclusive representative has elected
39	to proceed under IC 20-7.5-1-12.
40	Sec. 4. In addition to the impasse procedures specified in this

chapter, a school employer and an exclusive representative may

agree in writing to a dispute settlement procedure. A copy of the



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agreement shall be filed by the parties with the board. If the parties agree to a form of binding arbitration, the arbitrator shall give weight to the factors listed in section 12 of this chapter. The arbitration award is subject to appeal under sections 16 through 19 of this chapter.

Sec. 5. If the parties have not reached an agreement at least sixty (60) days before the submission date, the parties shall notify the board that an impasse exists, and the board shall initiate mediation-arbitration.

Sec. 6. Not later than fifteen (15) days after the receipt of a notice of an impasse, each party shall submit to the board and exchange with the other party its final offer on each item remaining at impasse that is also an item listed in IC 20-7.5-1-4 and IC 20-7.5-1-5. The parties shall also file with the board a joint stipulation with respect to all matters that have been previously agreed on for inclusion in the new or amended collective bargaining agreement. All final offers and joint stipulations filed with the board are open to public inspection.

- Sec. 7. (a) Not later than three (3) days after the receipt of a notice of an impasse from the parties, the board shall submit to the parties a list of five (5) competent and experienced mediator-arbitrators who must be representatives of the interests of the public, but who may not be employees of the board.
- (b) Not later than five (5) days after the receipt of the list, the parties shall agree on a name or alternately strike a name from the list until one (1) name remains. The parties shall determine by lot who strikes the first name. The parties shall notify the board of the mediator-arbitrator chosen.
- (c) If a mediator-arbitrator has not been chosen through agreement or striking names within the five (5) day limit, the board shall select a mediator-arbitrator from the list.
- (d) Upon receipt of notice from the parties or after the board makes a selection, the board shall formally appoint the mediator-arbitrator and submit to the mediator-arbitrator the final offers and joint stipulation of the parties.

Sec. 8. A mediator-arbitrator shall begin mediation not later than ten (10) days after appointment. The final offers of the parties, as transmitted by the board to the mediator-arbitrator, must serve as the mutual basis for mediation and continued negotiations between the parties with regard to issues in dispute that have not been agreed upon by the parties. All mediation sessions must be private.







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1	Sec. 9. (a) For seven (7) successive days after the first mediation
2	session, the mediator-arbitrator shall mediate the dispute and
3	encourage a voluntary and mutual settlement by the parties.
4	During the first five (5) days of the seven (7) successive day period,
5	either party may unilaterally modify in writing any item in its final
6	offers. At the end of the five (5) day period, each party shall certify
7	in writing to the board the changes that have been made in its final
8	offers during mediation, with a copy sent to the
9	mediator-arbitrator and to the other party. During the last two (2)
10	days of the seven (7) successive day period, a modification of either
11	party's final offer may be made only with the consent of the other
12	party.
13	(b) Any modifications made shall be certified by the parties to
14	the board, with a copy sent to the mediator-arbitrator.
15	Sec. 10. (a) If the parties have failed to reach a voluntary and
16	mutual settlement during the seven (7) successive day mediation
17	period, the dispute shall be resolved by final offer item by item
18	selections.
19	(b) Not later than five (5) days after the end of the mediation
20	period and before selecting the final offers, the mediator-arbitrator

- (b) Not later than five (5) days after the end of the mediation period and before selecting the final offers, the mediator-arbitrator shall conduct a public hearing for the purpose of providing an opportunity to both parties to present evidence and argument in support of their final offers.
- (c) Not later than ten (10) days after the completion of the hearing, the mediator-arbitrator shall in writing select the final offer that, in the mediator-arbitrator's judgment, is the more reasonable and shall in writing state reasons for the selection. The mediator-arbitrator's selection and the reasons shall be delivered to the board and to each party. The final offers selected, along with the stipulation of items already agreed to, become the agreement between the parties and are final and binding upon the parties, subject to sections 11 and 16 through 19 of this chapter.
- Sec. 11. The parties may voluntarily and mutually agree upon the terms and conditions of a contract at any time.
- Sec. 12. In making a decision under the final offer selection procedures authorized by section 10 of this chapter, a mediator-arbitrator shall give weight to the following factors:
 - (1) Past memoranda of agreement and contracts between the parties.
 - (2) Comparison of wages, hours, terms of employment, and conditions of employment of the school employees involved with those of other employees doing comparable work, giving





1	consideration to factors peculiar to the work involved.
2	(3) Comparison of wages, hours, terms of employment, and
3	conditions of employment with similar employment in private
4	business and industry.
5	(4) The average consumer prices for goods and services,
6	commonly known as the cost of living.
7	(5) The impact on the educational atmosphere or
8	environment.
9	Sec. 13. (a) A mediator-arbitrator may not be employed on a
10	full-time or part-time basis by:
11	(1) a public school employer that is a school corporation;
12	(2) an organization of public employees, public employers, or
13	their affiliates; or
14	(3) a firm that represents employers or employees in the
15	implementation of this article.
16	(b) The board shall pay the compensation and expenses of a
17	mediator-arbitrator.
18	Sec. 14. (a) If an agreement has not been reached on the items
19	to be bargained collectively fourteen (14) days before the
20	submission date, the parties shall continue the status quo, and the
21	employer may issue tentative individual contracts and prepare a
22	budget based on the individual contracts.
23	(b) During the status quo period, in order to permit the
24	successful resolution of the dispute, the employer may not
25	unilaterally change the terms or conditions of employment that are
26	issues in dispute.
27	(c) This section does not relieve the school employer or the
28	school employee organization from the duty to follow the
29	procedures set forth in this chapter.
30	Sec. 15. The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
31	implement this chapter.
32	Sec. 16. Not later than fifteen (15) days after the
33	mediator-arbitrator's final offer selection, either party may
34	petition the circuit or superior court of Marion County to set the
35	final offer selection aside. Any time after the fifteen (15) day
36	period, either party may petition the circuit or superior court of
37	Marion County to enforce a final offer selection. The court shall
38	hear these matters on an expedited basis and not later than thirty
39	(30) days after the filing of a petition. The court must enforce the
40	final offer selection unless the court finds by a preponderance of
41	the evidence that the decision is:



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(1) illegal;

1	(2) in excess of the mediator-arbitrator's power; or	
2	(3) procured by fraud, bribery, or corruption.	
3	Sec. 17. If a court sets aside a final offer selection because of	
4	illegality or excess of power, the selection shall be remanded to the	
5	same mediator-arbitrator who heard the selection the first time,	
6	subject to the right of a party to appeal an adverse ruling of the	
7	court. The mediator-arbitrator has the following choices on	
8	remand:	
9	(1) Affirm the earlier final offer selection minus any items set	
10	aside by the court.	
11	(2) Make a new determination on the original final offers	
12	proposed by the parties after a new hearing or argument, at	
13	the discretion of the mediator-arbitrator.	
14	Sec. 18. If a court sets aside a final offer selection because of	
15	fraud, bribery, or corruption, the selection shall be remanded to	
16	the board for an expedited hearing before a new	
17	mediator-arbitrator, selected in the same manner as the original	
18	mediator-arbitrator, subject to the right of a party to appeal an	
19	adverse ruling of the court.	
20	Sec. 19. An appeal under section 17 or 18 of this chapter shall be	
21	taken in the manner and to the same extent as orders or judgments	
22	are taken in a civil action. Because of the appeal's public	
23	importance, the appeal shall be advanced on the docket for the	
24	consideration of the court.	
25	Sec. 20. A party who:	
26	(1) fails to implement a final offer selection; or	
27	(2) appeals a final offer selection and does not ultimately	
28	prevail in court;	V
29	is liable for reasonable attorney's fees, interest on delayed	
30	monetary benefits, and other costs incurred in the action.	



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Labor and Employment, to which was referred House Bill 1531, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 12 through 16.

Page 2, delete lines 1 through 2.

Page 7, delete lines 16 through 19.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1531 as introduced.)

LIGGETT, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 4.

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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1531, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

BAUER, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 15, nays 5.

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